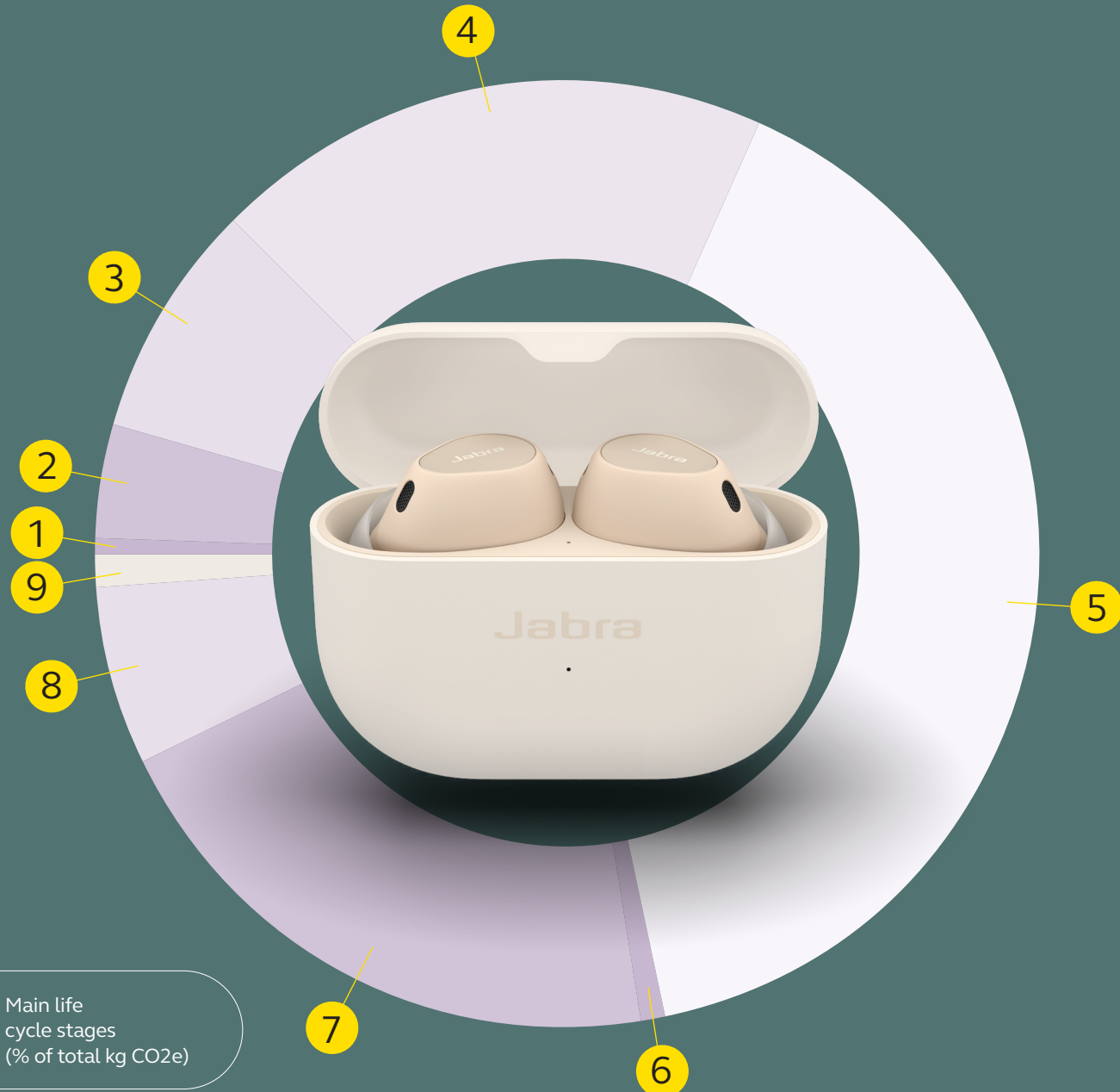


Measuring carbon footprint through Life Cycle Assessments (LCAs)

Sustainability starts with transparency. That's why we carry out LCAs on our products, to understand their impact on the environment. So you can see the carbon footprint of your product at a glance, and we can work to make future products more sustainable. Everybody wins.



Main life cycle stages
(% of total kg CO₂e)

ELITE 10		
①	Plastics	0.07kg CO ₂ -eq 2.35%
②	Metals	0.11kg CO ₂ -eq 3.93%
③	Electronic components	0.22kg CO ₂ -eq 7.98%
④	Printed circuit board	0.54kg CO ₂ -eq 19.16%
⑤	Manufacturing	1.12kg CO ₂ -eq 39.85%
⑥	Packaging	-0.02kg CO ₂ -eq -0.66%
⑦	Transport	0.57kg CO ₂ -eq 20.31%
⑧	Usage	0.17kg CO ₂ -eq 5.96%
⑨	End of life	0.03kg CO ₂ -eq 1.12%

Product
carbon footprint

2.82

Bureau Veritas
verified kg CO₂e



Resources



Processing



Manufacturing



Distribution



Use



End of life

All estimates of CF have a degree of uncertainty, which is mainly tied to the inherent uncertainty of the used datasets from Ecolnvent, for which most LCA studies share the problem. Jabra has followed the LCA reporting rules from ISO 14067:2018. The report has been verified according to ISO 14067-3 Specification with guidance for the verification and validation of GHG statements, ISO 14065 Requirements for Validation and Verification, & ISO 14066 Competence requirements for GHG validation teams and verification teams. The scope of the LCA is 2 years of use in London (UK) reflecting the average warranty period and average use case.